

Presenting Partner







# SYDNEY SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

PATRON Her Excellency The Honourable Margaret Beazley AC KC

Founded in 1932 by the Australian Broadcasting Commission, the Sydney Symphony Orchestra has evolved into one of the world's finest orchestras as Sydney has become one of the world's great cities. Resident at the iconic Sydney Opera House, the Sydney Symphony Orchestra also performs in venues throughout Sydney and regional New South Wales, and international tours to Europe, Asia and the USA have earned the Orchestra worldwide recognition for artistic excellence.

The Sydney Symphony Orchestra's concerts encompass masterpieces from the classical repertoire, music by some of the finest living composers, and collaborations with guest artists from all genres, reflecting the Orchestra's versatility and diverse appeal. Its award-winning education program is central to its commitment to the future of live symphonic music, and the Orchestra promotes the work of Australian composers through performances, recordings and its commissioning program.

The Orchestra's first chief conductor was Sir Eugene Goossens, appointed in 1947; he was followed by Nicolai Malko, Dean Dixon, Moshe Atzmon, Willem van Otterloo, Louis Frémaux, Sir Charles Mackerras, Zdenêk Mácal, Stuart Challender, Edo de Waart and Gianluigi Gelmetti. Vladimir Ashkenazy was Principal Conductor from 2009 to 2013, followed by David Robertson as Chief Conductor from 2014 to 2019. Australian-born Simone Young commenced her role as Chief Conductor in 2022, a year in which the Orchestra made its return to a renewed Sydney Opera House Concert Hall.

#### PERFORMING IN THIS CONCERT

#### FIRST VIOLINS

Andrew Haveron Concertmaster

**Harry Bennetts** Associate Concertmaster

Alexandra Osborne

Associate Concertmaster

Fiona Ziegler Assistant Concertmaster

Sophie Cole

Acting Assistant Concertmaster

Sun Yi

Associate Concertmaster

Emeritus Jennifer Booth

Sercan Danis

Claire Herrick Georges Lentz

**Emily Long** 

Alex Mitchell

Alexander Norton

Leone Ziegler

Tamara Elias\* Jasmine Tan\*

#### SECOND VIOLINS

Lerida Delbridge

Principal

Kirsty Hilton Principal

Marina Marsden

Principal Emeritus

Emma Jezek

Assistant Principal

Alice Bartsch Rebecca Gill

Emma Haves

Shuti Huang Wendy Kong

Beniamin Li Nicole Masters

Robert Smith

Maja Verunica Riikka Sintonen°

# VIOLAS

Tobias Breider

Principal **Richard Waters** 

Principal

**Justin Williams** Associate Principal

Sandro Costantino

Rosemary Curtin

Stuart Johnson

Felicity Tsai

Amanda Verner

Leonid Volovelsky Stephen Wright<sup>o</sup> Jacqueline Cronin\*

**CELLOS** 

Catherine Hewgill

Principal

Simon Cobcroft

Associate Principal

Leah Lynn

Assistant Principal

Kristy Conrau

Fenella Gill

Timothy Nankervis

Flizabeth Neville

Christopher Pidcock

Adrian Wallis Jack Ward

**DOUBLE BASSES** 

Kees Boersma

Principal

**Alexander Henery** 

Principal David Campbell Dylan Holly

Steven Larson Jaan Pallandi Benjamin Ward Jacques Emery\*

#### **FLUTES**

**Emma Sholl** 

Acting Principal

Carolyn Harris

Laura Cliff\*

Katlijn Sergeant Principal Piccolo

OROES

Shefali Pryor

Principal

Miriam Cooneyo

**Alexandre Oguey** 

Principal Cor Anglais

CLARINETS

Olli Leppäniemi Principal

Francesco Celata

Associate Principal

Alexander Morris Principal Bass Clarinet

**BASSOONS** 

Todd Gibson-Cornish

Principal Fiona McNamara

Melissa Woodroffe\*

Guest Principal Contrabassoon

HORNS

Samuel Jacobs

Principal

**Euan Harvey** Acting Principal 3rd Horn

Rachel Silver Emily Newham<sup>o</sup> Julia Brooke\*

#### **TRUMPETS**

David Elton

Principal

**Brent Grapes** Associate Principal

Cécile Glémot

Anthony Heinrichs

TROMBONES

Scott Kinmont

Acting Principal and Tenor Tuba

Nick Byrne

Jeremy Mazurekt

Cooper Rands\*

**Christopher Harris** 

Principal Bass Trombone

TUBA

Steven Rossé

Principal

OFFSTAGE IN JANÁČEK

# **TRUMPETS**

**Brent Grapes** 

Associate Principal

Fletcher Cox 3

Craia Ross\*

Kendal Cuneo\*

Colin Grisdale\* Matthew Hyam\*

David Imlay\* Toby Rands\*

Isabella Thomas<sup>†</sup>

BASS TRUMPETS Jarrod Callaghan\*

Toby Rands\* **TENOR TROMBONE** 

Bradley Lucas\* Mitchell Nissen\*

TIMPANI Antoine Siguré

Principal

PERCHISSION

Rebecca Lagos

Principal

Mark Robinson Associate Principal /

Section Percussion

Timothy Constable Brian Nixon\*

Blake Roden\*

HARP

Louisic Dulbecco

Principal

Kate Moloney\*

**KEYBOARD** Susanne Powell\*

Guest Principal

**EXTRAS** 

Alice Morgan\*

Guest Principal Saxophone

**Bold** Principal

\* Guest Musician

° Contract Musician

† Sydney Symphony Fellow

# 2025 CONCERT SEASON

ROYAL CARIBBEAN SYMPHONIC SATURDAY

Saturday 1 November 7pm

SUNDAY AFTERNOON SYMPHONY

Sunday 2 November, 2pm

Concert Hall, Svdnev Opera House

# MUSSORGSKY'S PICTURES AT AN EXHIBITION

# CONDUCTED BY SIMONE YOUNG

SIMONE YOUNG conductor KIAN SOLTANI cello

# LEOŠ JANÁČEK (1854–1928)

Sinfonietta (1926)

- i. Allegretto
- ii. Andante
- iii. Moderato
- iv. Allegretto
- v. Andante con moto

# ANTONÍN DVOŘÁK (1841–1904) Cello Concerto in B minor, B.191 Op.104 (1894)

- i. Allegro
- ii. Adagio ma non troppo
- iii. Allegro moderato

INTERVAL

# MODEST MUSSORGSKY (1839-1881) orch. MAURICE RAVEL (1875-1937)

Pictures at an Exhibition (1874, orch. 1922)

- i. Promenade
- ii. Gnome
- iii. Promenade
- iv. The Old Castle
- v. Promenade
- vi. Tuileries
- vii. Bydlo
- viii. Promenade
- ix. Ballet of the Unhatched Chickens
- x. 'Samuel' Goldenburg and 'Schmuÿle'
- xi. Limoges Market
- xii. Catacombs (Roman Sepulchres) -
- xiii. Cum mortuis in lingua morta (With the Dead in a

Dead Language)

- xiv. The Hut on Fowl's Legs (Baba-Yaga)
- xv. The Great Gate of Kiev

#### Pre-concert talk

By Douglas Emery in the Northern Foyer at 6.15pm (Saturday) and on the Lounge Level at 1.15pm (Sunday)

#### **Estimated durations**

Janáček – 25 minutes Dvořák – 40 minutes Interval – 20 minutes Mussorgsky – 35 minutes

The concert will run for approximately two hours

#### Cover image

By Rebecca Shaw

**Presenting Partner** 



**Principal Partner** 



## **WELCOME**

Welcome to **Mussorgsky's Pictures at an Exhibition**, a concert conducted by Simone Young featuring three great works that showcase every instrument in the orchestra – and then some!

As the Presenting Partner of *Royal Caribbean Symphonic Saturdays*, we are delighted to bring you the opportunity to hear classical music's most exciting works, performed by internationally renowned artists in one of the world's great concert halls.

This performance showcases the brilliance of the entire Orchestra in wonderful ways, including the spectacular twelve-trumpet fanfare of Janáček's Sinfonietta, bound to live long in the memory of all who witness it.

Staying within the Slavic sound world, Mussorgsky's *Pictures at an Exhibition* is alive with vivid contrasts and textures, as Simone Young's dynamic interpretation of this much-loved work reveals the Orchestra in fresh and unexpected ways.

We are also excited to present the Sydney Symphony debut of the remarkable Austrian-Iranian cellist Kian Soltani. Dvořák's magnificent Cello Concerto is the perfect vehicle for this superb musician and we hope this is the first of many performances in Sydney.

When in port, our innovative ships become a central feature of the sweeping panorama of Sydney Harbour, a world-famous scene shared by the equally iconic Sydney Symphony Orchestra.

Royal Caribbean is immensely proud of our partnership with the Orchestra. With an unswerving focus on creating world-class experiences, Royal Caribbean and the Sydney Symphony Orchestra share a deep commitment to excellence in all that we do.

In **Mussorgsky's Pictures at an Exhibition**, the Sydney Symphony Orchestra and Royal Caribbean invite you to be transported by this wonderful concert.

As the Presenting Partner of this series, I hope you enjoy this wonderful time in the company of the Sydney Symphony Orchestra.

Gavin Smith, Vice President & Managing Director Royal Caribbean



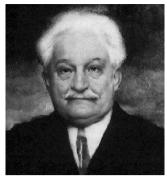
## YOUR CONCERT AT A GLANCE

# LEOŠ JANÁČEK (1854–1928) Sinfonietta (1926)

Janacek's five-movement Sinfonietta was composed to celebrate a military band and a gymnastics festival. Bookended by glorious brass fanfares, it paints sometimes surprisingly delicate pictures of the Moravian city of Brno in music suffused by Janáček's optimism for the newly independent Czechoslovakia.

It was completed in 1926, the year that saw the disappearance of Agatha Christie, the removal of Trotsky and Kamenov from the Soviet Communist Party's central committee and Anna Pavlova's tour of Australia.

Contemporary music included George Antheil's Ballet mécanique, Falla's Harpsichord Concerto and Szymanowski's King Roger.



Leos Janáček in 1926

# **ANTONÍN DVOŘÁK** (1841–1904) **Cello Concerto in B minor, B.191 Op.104** (1894)

This was Dvořák's second go at a cello concerto, inspired in part by hearing Victor Herbert play in New York. It is in a generously-scaled three-movement design, with numerous features of Bohemian folk-music and a song-melody in the slow movement in memory of the composer's sister-in-law.

It was completed in 1895, the year that saw Alfred Dreyfus imprisoned on Devil's Island, Oscar Wild arrested for gross indecency, and the powering of Launceston, Tasmania, by hydro-electricity. Contemporary music included Richard Strauss' *Till Eulenspiegels lustige Streiche*, Fauré's Barcarolle No.6 Op.70 and Rimsky-Korsakov's *Christmas Eve*.



Antonín Dvořák

# MODEST MUSSORGSKY (1839-1881) orch. MAURICE RAVEL (1875-1937) Pictures at an Exhibition (1874, orch. 1922)

Mussorgsky's greatest hit started life as a suite of character pieces for piano, as a memorial Viktor Hartmann, a painter and friend of the composer, who had recently died. Between the strongly individual movements, Mussorgsky represents himself in a 'promenade' walking from image to image. Ravel made his great and justly popular orchestral version in 1922.

The original was composed in 1874, the year that saw Walter Clopton Wingfield patent what we now call lawn tennis, the New York Zoo hoax and the foundation of the University of Adelaide.

Contemporary music included Verdi's Requiem, Bruckner's Fourth Symphony and Johann Strauss II's *Die Fledermaus*.



Mussorgsky in 1874



Photo by Peter Brew-Bevan

## **ABOUT THE ARTISTS**

#### **SIMONE YOUNG AM conductor**

Sydney Symphony Orchestra's Chief Conductor, Simone Young has previously held the posts of General Manager and Music Director of the Hamburg State Opera and Music Director of the Philharmonic State Orchestra Hamburg, Music Director of Opera Australia, Chief Conductor of the Bergen Philharmonic Orchestra and Principal Guest Conductor of both the Gulbenkian Orchestra, Lisbon and the Lausanne Chamber Orchestra. Her appointment as Chief Conductor of the Sydney Symphony Orchestra has recently been extended through until the end of 2029.

An acknowledged interpreter of the operas of Wagner and Strauss, she has conducted complete cycles of *Der Ring des Nibelungen* at the Bayreuth Festival, Vienna Staatsoper, Berlin Staatsoper, Hamburg Staatsoper and, in 2026, La Scala Milan.

Simone Young has an extensive and celebrated recording catalogue. Her first performance as Chief Conductor in Sydney, featuring Mahler's Symphony No.2 Resurrection and the world premiere of William Barton's Of the Earth was released worldwide on Deutsche Grammophon, and performances of Elgar & Vaughan Williams, Das Rheingold and Gurrelieder have been filmed for Sydney Symphony On Demand. Her Hamburg recordings include the Ring Cycle, Mathis der Maler (Hindemith), Das Buch mit sieben Siegeln (Schmidt) and symphonies of Bruckner, Brahms and Mahler. She has also recorded Benjamin Britten Folksongs and songs of Richard Strauss with Steve Davislim, and songs by Wagner and Strauss with Lisa Gasteen.

Simone Young's return invitations to the great orchestras of the world next year will include the Suisse Romande, the Orchestre nationale de Lyon, West German Radio Orchestra Cologne, Orchestre philharmonique de Radio France Paris, National Symphony Orchestra Washington, Los Angeles Philharmonic, the San Francisco and Montreal Symphony Orchestra, Berlin Radio Symphony Orchestra,

Philharmonia Orchestra, London and the BBC Philharmonic Orchestra, Manchester. She also returns to ANAM, Melbourne to lead their orchestra in a 30th birthday celebration Gala performance.

Firmly established as one of the world's leading opera conductors, 2026 will see Simone Young return to the Berlin Staatsoper (Lohengrin and Nabucco), La Scala Milan (the Ring cycle and a new work by Luca Francesconi) and Götterdämmerung, completing Sydney Symphony's Ring Cycle.

The presentation of Sydney Symphony Orchestra's *Ring* Cycle in concert, commencing in 2023, has played to sold out audiences, standing ovations and 5-star reviews. A second, feature-length documentary film, *Knowing the Score*, showcasing Simone Young and her career was also internationally released in 2023.

In 2025 Simone Young was awarded an Honorary Doctorate from the University of Sydney. Her many accolades also include the 2024 Conductor of the year (British Opera magazine), Honorary Member (Ehrenmitglied) of the Vienna State Opera. the 2019 European Cultural Prize Vienna, a Professorship at the Musikhochschule in Hamburg, Honorary Doctorates from the Universities of Western Australia and New South Wales, Griffith University and Monash University, the Sir Bernard Heinze Award, the Goethe Institute Medal, the 2013 Helpmann Award for Best Individual Classical Music Performance and the Chevalier de l'Ordre des Arts et des Lettres. France.



# **ABOUT THE ARTISTS**

#### KIAN SOLTANI cello

Hailed by *The Times* as a 'remarkable cellist' and described by *Gramophone* as 'sheer perfection', Kian Soltani's playing is characterised by a depth of expression, sense of individuality and technical mastery, alongside a charismatic stage presence and ability to create an immediate emotional connection with his audience. He is now invited by the world's leading orchestras, conductors and recital promoters, propelling him from rising star to one of the most talked about cellists performing today.

The 25/26 season is highlighted by his performance with the Mahler Chamber Orchestra and Gianandrea Noseda at the Elbphilharmonie in Hambura, a return to Orchestre Philharmonique de Radio France under Daniel Harding as well as several muchanticipated debuts with Orchestre National de France and the Sydney, New Zealand, Atlanta and St. Louis symphony orchestras. Further highlights include a European tour with WDR Sinfonieorchester and Cristian Măcelaru as well as his residency with the Iceland Symphony Orchestra during which he embarks on a European tour with their Chief Conductor Eva Ollikainen. As an active recitalist, he will tour Europe in trio with Renaud Capucon and Mao Fujita, and in duo with Benjamin Grosvenor, while joining Andreas Ottensamer and Alessio Bax for performances across the United States.

In 2017, Soltani signed an exclusive recording contract with Deutsche Grammophon and his first disc *Home*, comprising works for cello and piano by Schubert, Schumann and Reza Vali, was released to international acclaim in 2018, with *Gramophone* describing the recording as 'sublime'. Soltani has since recorded discs including the Dvořák and Tchaikovsky Piano Trios with Lahav Shani and Renaud Capuçon, recorded live at Aix Easter Festival in 2018 released by Warner Classics and Dvořák's Cello Concerto with the Staatskapelle Berlin and Daniel Barenboim in August 2020.

He recently won Innovative Listening
Experience Award at the coveted Opus
Klassik Awards 2022, Germany's most
prestigious classical music prize which
honours outstanding artists and recordings,
for his Cello Unlimited album released in 2021.

He worked on this latest disc with Deutsche Grammophon during the entirety of 2020, and it is a celebration of the cello and film music. Of the disc, Soltani wrote, 'Everything you will hear on this album is made only and exclusively with my cello and played only by me. The possibilities of this instrument are unlimited and infinite, and this album is a celebration of the instrument and of epic film music as well.'

Soltani attracted worldwide attention in April 2013 as winner of the International Paulo Cello Competition in Helsinki. In February 2017 Soltani won Germany's celebrated Leonard Bernstein Award and in December 2017, he was awarded the prestigious Credit Suisse Young Artist Award.

Born in Bregenz, Austria, in 1992 to a family of Persian musicians, Soltani began playing the cello at age four and was only twelve when he joined Ivan Monighetti's class at the Basel Music Academy. He was chosen as an Anne-Sophie Mutter Foundation scholarship holder in 2014 and completed his further studies as a member of the Young Soloist Programme at Germany's Kronberg Academy. He received additional important musical training at the International Music Academy in Liechtenstein. As of October 2023, he holds position as a professor of cello at the University of Music and Performing Arts in Vienna. Austria.

Kian Soltani plays "The London, ex Boccherini" Antonio Stradivari cello, kindly loaned to him by a generous sponsor through the Beares International Violin Society.



#### ABOUT LEOŠ JANÁČEK

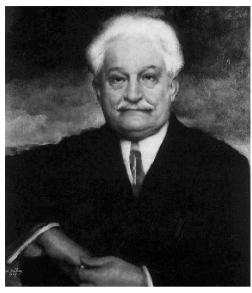
Janáček is proof that life – or at least a richly creative life – starts at 50. His father was an impoverished schoolmaster in a tiny village in Moravia, but Leoš received excellent training in music from his father and then, having shown great promise, in the regional capital of Brno.

He studied further at conservatories in Prague, Leipzig and Vienna before returning to settle in Brno. There he taught, founding the Brno Organ School (which later became the Brno Conservatorium) and composed; he also edited a journal of music criticism, and collected folk music. In around 1896 he became ardently pro-Russian, seeing Russia's as a model for authentically Slavic culture.

Janáček didn't merely arrange folk music, but listened carefully to its distinctive irregularities of metre and rhythm, and married this with a melodic manner derived in part from the sound of Czech speech, most obviously in his operas. Even Theodor W Adorno, philosopher of modern[ist] music, wrote admiringly of 'the magnificent art of Janáček [that] has a power of alienation which places it in the company of the avant-garde.'

Janáček's first opera was shelved, but his second, *Počátek románu* (The Beginning of a Romance) was a folkloric affair based on a work by playwright Gabriela Preissová that was performed in 1891. Preissová had also written the play *Její pastorkyňa* (Her Stepdaughter), which would become the opera *Jenůfa* which premiered in Brno in 1904 (and Prague 12 years later).

In the quarter-century that followed, Janáček composed six more operas, including *The Cunning Little Vixen, Kat'a Kabanova* and *The Makropoulos Affair*. This 'late' period also saw orchestral masterpieces like *Taras Bulba* and the Sinfonietta, enduring piano works like *On an Overgrown Path* and the Piano Sonata, a great deal of choral music including *The Diary of One who Disappeared* and the monumental *Glagolitic Mass*.



Janáček in 1926

In 1917 Janacek met Kamila Stösslová, the 20-something wife of a dealer in antiques. Opinions differ as to the extent, if any, to which she reciprocated the 60-something composer's feelings (Janáček's estranged wife Zdenka wrote that Kamila 'was completely unimpressed by my husband's fame, and also by his person'), but much of Janáček's late work, such as the two great string quartets reflect powerful erotic motivations.

#### **ABOUT THE SINFONIETTA**

Anthony Cane writes:

Janáček's last and greatest instrumental work grew from unpromising origins – a military band concert in a park and a gymnastic festival.

The band concert took place in a park in the 13th-century town of Pisek in 1925. The invitation in the following year to compose music for a gymnastic festival of the patriotic Sokol movement offered Janáček the opportunity to create his own fanfares and, by extension, to express joy at the promise of the newly independent state of Czechoslovakia, born out of the Peace of Versailles. The festival fanfares provided the frame within which Janáček's ideas expanded to form a five-movement work.

In a gesture of homage and gratitude Janáček dedicated his Sinfonietta 'to the Czechoslovak Armed Forces'. Brno, the capital of Moravia, inspired his original enigmatic movement headings: 1. Fanfares, 2. The Castle, 3. The Queen's Monastery, 4. The Street, 5. The Town Hall. As Janáček explained the following year in an article published under the title *My Town*:

I saw the town change miraculously. I lost my dislike of the forbidding town hall, my hatred of the hill whose bowels screamed with pain, my loathing of the street and everything crawling in it. By some miracle the resurrection of 28 October 1918 spread a radiant light of freedom over the town. I saw myself there. I belonged. And the brazen, victorious trumpets, the holy peace of the Queen's Monastery, shadows at night, life restored to the green hill, and a vision of the town's future greatness – all these gave birth to my Sinfonietta.

It is thus suddenly clear that the 'castle' of the second movement is not the splendid Prague Castle, as its first hearers must have imagined, but the notorious Spilberk, with its underground dungeons. But this and all that Janáček had hated in Brno – above all, its Germanness – were transformed by its becoming Czech. The streets are alive with people going freely about their business, and the town hall is a symbol not of oppression but of self-determination. Although these ideas can be observed in the Sinfonietta in a general way, the music is as absolute as anything Janáček ever wrote.

Despite the huge forces called for, each movement is scored with characteristic individuality and the ultimate effect is one of considerable lightness, even delicacy, offset against the moments of great power.

The fanfares of the opening movement are, as Jaroslav Vogel points out, essentially an intrada to the four main movements which follow. The burden of this solemn festivity is borne by the nine extra trumpets, plus bass trumpets and tenor tubas, all of which will henceforth remain silent until the fanfares return at the end of the last movement.

The Andante is built on two themes, the first described by Vogel as a 'burlesque dance motif' and the second a more lyrical variant of the first. There is a hint of melancholy, even tragedy, about the nocturnal serenity of the third movement. However, the mood is disrupted by an extraordinary central section after which a return to the preceding serenity can only seem somewhat ambivalent.

With bright-eyed innocence the fourth movement presents a welcome contrast. The movement is based on the single opening theme, and its fourteen repetitions are in the nature of tiny variations, in which one or two small musical jokes are masked by a disarminaly straight face. The theme with which flutes launch the finale is, as Vogel indicates, a nostalaic minor variant of the theme of the preceding movement: when clarinets take over it becomes slightly grotesque; as the movement progresses it becomes increasingly macabre until, following a squeal almost of anguish from the E-flat clarinet, the additional brass reemerge and all twelve trumpets play together for the first time in the exultant fanfares of the opening movement. The fanfares now are heard with the support of the full orchestra, embellished by penetrating trills in the strings and wind as they move irrepressibly forward to a short, impelling coda.

Janaček's Sinfonietta is scored for 4 flutes (4th doubling piccolo), 2 oboes (2nd doubling cor anglais), 2 clarinets, bass clarinet and 2 bassoons; 4 horns, 3 trumpets, 4 trombones and tuba; timpani, percussion, harp and strings, as well as an offstage brass ensemble of 9 trumpets, 2 bass trumpets and 2 tenor trombones.

It was first performed on 29 June 1926 in Prague, with Václav Talich conducting the Czech Philharmonic Orchestra.

The Sydney Symphony first performed the work in July 1958, conducted by Kurt Wöss.

Other notable performances include those led by Charles Mackerras (1963, 1983 and 2007, the latter released on CD), Willem van Otterloo (1972, 1978), Stuart Challender (1989), Jorge Mester (1991), Carlo Rizzi (2000, including as part of the Paralympics Arts Festival), Emmanuel Villaume (2002), Marc Taddei (2010) and Vladimir Ashkenazy (at Usher Hall in Edinburgh on our 2010 International Tour).

Our most recent performances were under David Robertson in 2014.

# ABOUT DVOŘÁK

As an impecunious 30-something composer, recently married and living on the modest salary of a church organist and freelance string plavina. Dvořák benefited immensely from a growing sense among those in political power of responsibility to the arts. The local government, the Diet of Bohemia, had begun allocating part of its budget to arts funding through the newly founded Conservatory in Prague when Dvořák was young, and in the 1870s the Imperial Government in Vienna, through its Ministry of Public Education, made sums of money available in the form of fellowships or stipendia for young artists. With the backing of critic Eduard Hanslick and Johannes Brahms, Dvořák received financial support.

In 1877 Brahms wrote to his Berlin publisher, Simrock saying:

I have been receiving a lot of pleasure for several years past from the work of Anton Dvořák of Prague...Dvořák has written all kinds of things, operas (Czech), symphonies, quartets, piano pieces. He is certainly a very talented fellow. And incidentally, poor! I beg you to consider that!

Simrock was duly impressed with the young composer's work and commissioned a set of Slavonic Dances for piano duo. These, as Simrock had expected, were an instant hit, and again in their orchestral version. Simrock made a huge profit, and Dvořák's reputation spread rapidly in Europe, such that by 1879 his 'Slavonic' String Quartet had been premiered by the ensemble led by the great Joseph Joachim, and Hans Richter had commissioned the work we now know as his Sixth Symphony for Berlin.

As Brahms' letter shows, Dvořák was already a prolific composer, and by the time he was fifty, Dvořák was at the height of his creativity and fame. In the late 1880s he had travelled to Russia and England, where In 1884 he conducted his works at the Albert Hall, St James's Hall and the Crystal Palace in London, (on the back of this his Requiem was composed for the Birmingham Festival); he had been showered with Imperial honours and honorary doctorates, and was about to become the founding head of the new National Conservatory in New York.



Antonín Dvořák

The works of this period in his life show his life-long love of a 'national' music, while making significant experiments in form and structure, particularly in chamber music. Always remaining, as he said, a 'humble Czech musician', Dvořák believed that

nothing must be too low or insignificant for the musician. When he walks he should listen to every whistling boy, every street singer or blind organ grinder...it is a sign of barrenness which such characteristic bits of music exist and are not heeded by the learned musicians of the age.

In the USA, Dvořák argued passionately for a national music that included elements and Native American and Black cultures, saying 'undoubtedly the germs for the best in music lie hidden among all the races that are commingled in this great country.'

#### ABOUT THE CELLO CONCERTO

Brahms was impressed. 'If only I'd known,' he said, 'that one could write a cello concerto like that, I'd have written one long ago!' But Brahms' admiration aside, the composition of what Dvořák scholar John Clapham has called simply 'the greatest of all cello concertos' was no easy matter. In fact, it was his second attempt at the medium - the first, in A major, was composed in 1865, but appears only to have been written out in a cello and piano score. In 1894 Dvořák was livina in New York, where in March 1894, he attended a performance by Victor Herbert of his Second Cello Concerto. The Irish-born American composer and cellist is now best remembered for shows like Naughty Marietta and Babes in Toyland, but his concerto, modelled on Saint-Saëns' first, made a huge impact on Dvořák. who re-examined the idea of such a work for his friend, the cellist Hanuš Wihan. The work was completed early in February 1895.

Much to Dvořák's annoyance, the first performance of the concerto was not given by its dedicatee, Wihan. The London Philharmonic Society, who premiered it at the Queen's Hall in March 1896, mistakenly believed Wihan to be unavailable, and engaged Leo Stern. Despite Dvořák's embarrassment, Stern must have delivered the goods, as Dvořák engaged him for the subsequent New York, Prague and Vienna premieres of the work. Wihan did, however, perform the work often, and insisted on making some 'improvements' to Dvořák's score so that the cello part would be more virtuosic and interpolated a cadenza in the third movement, which the composer vehemently opposed.

Despite being an 'American' work, the concerto is much more a reflection of Dvořák's nostalgia for his native Bohemia, and perhaps for the composer's father who died in 1894. As scholar Robert Battey has noted, 'two characteristic Bohemian traits can be found throughout the work, namely pentatonic ['black note'] scales and an aaB phrase pattern, where a melody begins with a repeated phrase followed by a two bar "answer". The work is full of some of Dvořák's most inspired moments, such as the heroic first theme in the first movement, and the complementary melody for horn which adds immeasurably to its Romantic ambience.

The Bohemian connection became even stronger and more personal when Dvořák, working on the piece in December 1894, heard that his sister-in-law Josefina (with whom he had been in love during their youth) was seriously, perhaps mortally ill. Dvořák was sketching the slow movement at the time. The outer sections of this movement are calm and serene, but Dvořák expresses his distress in an impassioned gesture that ushers in an emotionally unstable central section in G minor, based on his song *Kéž duch můj sám* (Leave me alone) which was one of Josefina's favourites.

Josefina died in the spring of 1895, and Dvořák, by this time back in Bohemia, made significant alterations to the concluding coda of the third movement, adding some 60 bars of music. The movement begins almost ominously with contrasting lyrical writing for the soloist. Dvořák's additions to the movement, and his determination not to diffuse its emotional power with a cadenza, allowed him, as Battey notes, to re-visit 'not only the first movement's main theme, but also a hidden reference to Josefina's song in the slow movement. Thus, the concerto becomes something of a shrine, or memorial.'

Dvořák's Cello Concerto is scored for 2 flutes (2nd doubling piccolo) and 2 each of oboes, clarinets and bassoons; 3 horns, 2 trumpets, 3 trombones and tuba; timpani, percussion, strings and cello soloist.

It was premiered in London on 19 March 1896, performed by the London Philharmonic Orchestra and English cellist Leo Stern, with Dvořák himself conductina.

The Sydney Symphony Orchestra first performed the work in August 1937, with Edmund Kurtz conducted by Georg Schnéevoigt.

Other notable performances include Kurtz conducted by Georg Szell (1939), Theo Salzmann/Eugene Goossens (1948), Mstislav Rostropovich/Georges Tzipine (1960), James Whitehead/Tzipine (1962), Andre Navarra/Sixten Ehrling (1972), Paul Tortelier/Sergiu Comissiona (1974 on tour in Hong Kong), János Starker/ Paavo Berglund (1976), Paul Tortelier/Franz-Paul Decker (1980), Heinrich Schiff/Zdeněk Mácal (1986), Catherine Hewgill/John Hopkins (1987 Young Performers), Ralph Kirshbaum/ Stuart Challender (1990), Truls Mørk/En Shao (1994), Lynn Harrell/Yuri Temirkanov (1996), Antonio Meneses/Gianluigi Gelmetti (2006), Gautier Capuçon/Richard Gill (2009), Jian Wang/ Vladimir Ashkenazy (2012) and Alisa Weilerstein/Brett Dean (2016).

Our most recent performances were in 2022, with Daniel Müller-Schott conducted by Eduardo Strausser.











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#### **ABOUT MUSSORGSKY**

When Mussorgsky died, aged 42, he might not have seemed a candidate for the kind of posthumous fame he has achieved thanks to standards like *Night on Bald Mountain* or *Pictures at an Exhibition*.

Mussorgsky was born into a landowning family that could trace its origins to various nobles in Russia's relatively distant past, with various versions of the family name (the composer was always well aware of, and joked about, the similar-sounding Russian word for 'trash' or 'sweepings'). His mother was a pianist, who taught Modest from the age of six, but the dapper and somewhat naïve young man was sent to St Petersburg to study at the Cadet School of the Guards, and then to join the Imperial Guard on graduation, during which time he became well-known as a fine pianist and heavy drinker.

In the mid-1850s he befriended Alexander Borodin and was taken up by the eminent composer Alexander Dargomyzhsky, and by 1858 had resigned his commission in favour of a career in music. Through Dargomyzhsky he was getting first-hand experience of the opera theatre, and was soon enmeshed in the group of composers that we in English refer to as the 'Five', or 'Mighty Handful'. Mussorgsky would study with the group's leader Mill Balakirev, though neither was skilled in the techniques of Western music, which they both rejected in favour of a 'pure' Russian sound derived from Russian speech, song and dance. As Richard Taruskin has noted

There was no Russian conservatory where Mu[s]sorgsky might have studied until 1862, when he was already overage; and the Russian musical stage was dominated during his formative years by a state-supported Italian opera troupe from which the work of native composers was barred by official policy. Russian composers of Mu[s] sorgsky's generation were effectively frozen out of the country's musical establishment.



Mussorgsky in 1874

Other members of the Five, notably Borodin but especially Rimsky-Korsakov, would soon enough defect from the hard-line nationalist viewpoint, something that, paradoxically, contributed greatly to the ongoing like of Mussorgsky's music.

The Mussorgsky family finances were rapidly depleted with the emancipation of the serfs in 1861, so Mussorasky was obliged to earn a living as a minor bureaucrat to support his composition. This may have contributed to the large number of un- (or barely) finished works that constitute his oeuvre. An early opera based on Flaubert's Salammbô was never completed and of the three that were left in something like a performable state - Boris Godunov, Khovanshchina and Sorochintsii Fair - only Boris has an orchestral score by the composer. And even that was well-meaningly edited by Rimsky-Korsakov, who also completed the orchestration of Khovanshchina and amended that of Night on Bald Mountain.

Mussorgsky was first and foremost a pianist, and though composers like Tchaikovsky, and more surprisingly Rimsky-Korsakov and Balakirev, scorned his apparent roughness and simplicity, he had a particularly warm admirer in Debussy, who responded to the lack of theoretical or technical sophistication and thought of Mussorgsky as 'something of a god in music.'

He never married.

#### **ABOUT PICTURES AT AN EXHIBITION**

Early 1874 provided the only high point of Mussorgsky's career as a composer. His opera *Boris Godunov* had received its premiere and was an immediate popular success. The critics, however, were uniformly unkind, and the negative response from one in particular upset the composer deeply.

Perhaps as a way to harness Mussorgsky's emotions at this time, VI Stasov (a critic who had coined the 'Five' epithet) suggested that the composer write a tribute piece to the artist Viktor Hartmann. Mussorgsky had been distraught when Hartmann had died the previous year and was happy to contribute such a piece when Stasov proposed a memorial exhibition of Hartmann's work. The result, Pictures at an Exhibition, is one of the more extraordinary pieces for solo piano from the 19th century – so much so that it was not immediately understood and was only published after the composer's early death. It experiments freely with unusual metres (much of the opening alternates 5/4 and 6/4), dissonant harmony (as in the Gnome movement', and sheer brute force (as in Bydlo).

Composers as unlike as Mussorgsky and Ravel are difficult to imagine. Where one prided himself on his untutored roughness, the other sought technical perfection. And yet in 1922 Ravel made his celebrated orchestration – not by any means the only orchestration of this work, but for good reason the one most often played. Ravel and Stravinsky – a pupil of Rimsky-Korsakov's, after all – had collaborated on Mussorgsky's unfinished opera *Khovanshchina* a few years before, so Ravel was familiar with Mussorgsky's style and the characteristic sounds of the Russian orchestra. His version of *Pictures* was performed by Serge Koussevitzky in Paris later that year.

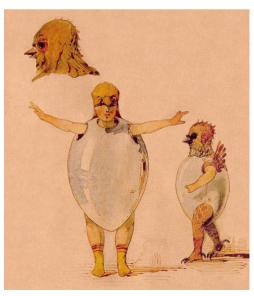
The work begins with a *Promenade* where a solo melody (given by Ravel to the trumpet) is answered by a series of chords for full ensemble. This music recurs at various times and in different timbral and metrical guises to represent the composer strolling through the exhibition. It is interrupted by the *Gnome*, a short, cantankerous movement inspired by Hartmann's design for a nutcracker shaped like a gnome.

A new statement of the *Promenade* takes us to *The Old Castle*, a watercolour of a troubadour singing in front of a medieval pile. In one of many orchestral masterstrokes, Ravel gives the troubadour's melody, in a lilting compound metre, to the alto saxophone.

The *Promenade* returns in a sombre form, but this time leading into a delicate sketch of the gardens of Tuileries. In response to Hartmann's watercolour, Ravel uses a texture of fluttering winds to depict the subtitle, 'Children augrrelling at play'.

Bydlo was said to depict an ox-cart, which in Ravel's imagination of it, we hear approaching slowly and deliberately from a long way away, coming close as the music reaches its loudest point, and retreating, unhurriedly into the distance. It is an example of Ravel as composer stepping in, as Mussorgsky's manuscript has the music starting very loudly.

The Promenade now leads to Ballet of the Unhatched Chickens, Mussorgsky's response to a design for a ballet on the fairy-story Trilby. Ravel's orchestration wonderfully captures the image of chickens, inside their eggs apart from their legs, racing about on stage.



Viktor Hartmann (1834–1873), Ballad of the Unhatched Chickens (1871). Source: Institute of Russian Literature (Pushkin House), St. Petersburg/Wikimedia.

'Samuel' Goldenburg and 'Schmuÿle' (often sanitised as 'Two Jews, one rich, one poor') raises the unfortunate issue of Mussorgsky's anti-Semitism. As musicologist Richard Taruskin has pointed, the composer frequently referred disparagingly to Jews in his letters. There is, moreover, no known picture of two Jews in Hartmann's catalogue. Mussorgsky may have been conflating two images, but with a distasteful message: the two men's names are the same, but in different forms; however Europeanised 'Samuel' may seem, he will always be the wheedling 'Schmuÿle'.

Omitting a Promenade, Ravel moves straight to the glittering world of the *Limoges Market*, which provides a huge contrast with the baleful austerity of the *Catacombs (Roman Sepulchres)*. This in turn passes into *With the Dead in a Dead Language*, of which Mussorgsky wrote 'Hartmann's creative spirit leads me to the place of skulls and calls to them – the skulls begin to glow faintly from within'. Here the music is based on that of the promenade.

The Hut on Fowl's Legs (Baba-Yaga) evokes a Russian fairy-tale of Baba-Yaga, a witch who flies through the night in an iron mortar (of the kitchen, not military) variety propelling herself with a pestle. Mussorgsky's music depicts the witch in full flight, although Hartmann's image was of a clock-face which showed Baba-Yaga's house with its distinctive feature of a pair of hen's legs.

The wild excitement of this movement builds inexorably into the final section, *The Great Gate of Kiev*. Hartmann's design for such a gate was never built, and was possibly not as grandiose as Mussorgsky's music suggests. Ravel further ups the ante, marshalling the entire force of the orchestra with bells on. Ravel's creates an overwhelming finale which can't help but remind us of the end of Tchaikovsky' '1812' Overture, and, more appropriately, the Coronation Scene from *Boris Godunov*.

Notes by Anthony Cane © 1995 (Janáček), Gordon Kerry © 2007 (Mussorgsky). Mussorgsky composed his original piano score in June 1874. Ravel's orchestration was commissioned by conductor Serge Koussevitzky in 1922; Koussevitzky conducted its world premiere in Paris on 19 October that same year.

Ravel's orchestration is for 3 flutes (2nd and 3rd doubling piccolo), 3 oboes (3rd doubling cor anglais), 2 clarinets, bass clarinet, 2 bassoons and contrabassoon; 4 horns, 3 trumpets, 3 trombones and tuba; timpani, percussion, 2 harps, celeste and strings.

The Sydney Symphony Orchestra first performed Ravel's version in June 1941, conducted by Percy Code.

It has been a frequent feature of our seasons, with notable performances including those led by Eugene Goossens (1946, 51, 52), Jean Martinon (1956), Nicolai Malko (1957, 58), Igor Markevitch (1960), Moshe Atzmon (1971), Patrick Thomas (Manila, 1974), Hiroyuki Iwaki (Hong Kong, 1974), Willem van Otterloo (1977), Louis Frémaux (1979), Stuart Challender (1989), Vassili Sinaisky (1992), Tadaaki Otaka (1997), János Fürst (1998), David Zinman (2002), Kirill Karabits (2005), Jonathan Stockhammer (Symphony in the Domain, 2008), Pinchas Steinberg (2011) and Giancarlo Guerrero (2018).

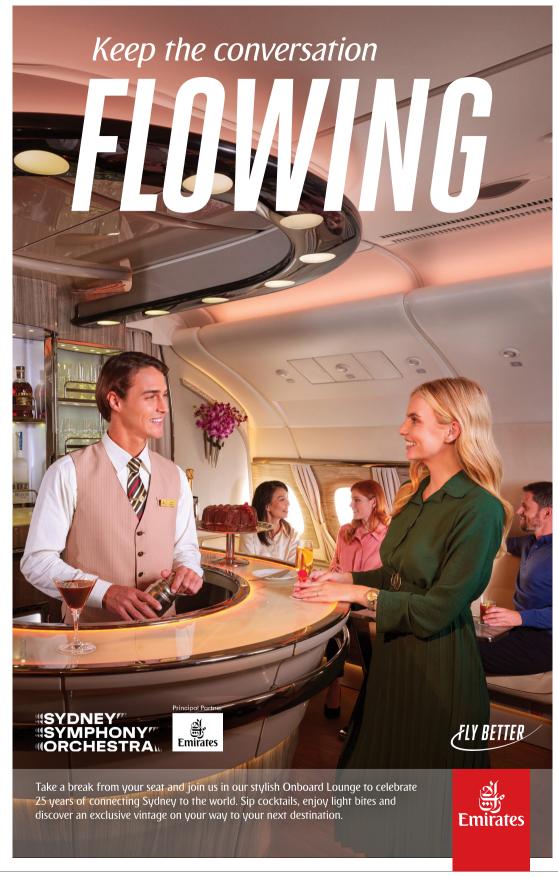
It has also featured in Youth, Schools and Regional concerts over the years, with dozens of performances conducted by significant names including Joseph Post, Patrick Thomas, John Hopkins, Brian Buggy, Richard Gill and Benjamin Northey.

Our most recent performances were under Mihhail Gerts in 2023.

#### Scoring and history by Hugh Robertson



Viktor Hartmann (1834–1873), Plan for a City Gate in Kiev (1869).



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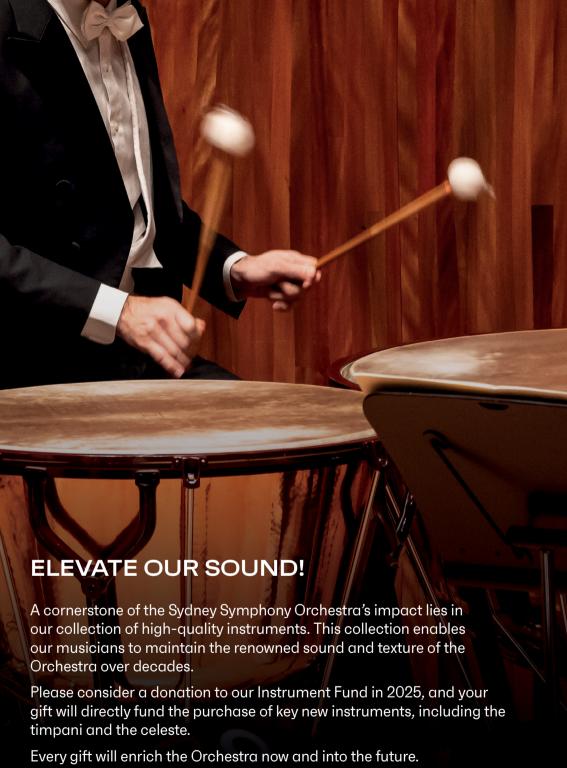


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**Production Assistants** Georgia Holmes, Reede Palmer

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Director of Orchestra Management

**Brighdie Chambers** Orchestra Manager

Emma Winestone Deputy Orchestra Manager

PEOPLE & CULTURE

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Director of People & Culture

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